

Japan: Many of us want an overview of how much energy our country consumes, where it comes from, and if we're making progress on decarbonizing our energy mix. This page provides the data for your chosen country across all of the key metrics on this topic.

**Primary energy sources:** Primary forms of energy, including oil, natural gas, coal, nuclear power, solar power, and wind power. **Energy self-sufficiency rate:** The percentage of the primary energy resources required for people's daily life and economic activities which can be produced or acquired in their own country.

Energy is essential for our daily living and social activities. However, Japan is a country with a low energy self-sufficiency ratio, with a percentage of 12.1% in FY2019, a ...

Japan is one of the world's largest and most dynamic energy markets. Over the last five years, Amp has developed 300MW of solar and built a growing pipeline of solar projects for corporate PPA offtakers, onshore wind, and storage projects.

Japan is increasing its reliance on renewable energy to replace imported fossil fuels, and in 2019 renewable energy accounted for 7.8% of primary energy supply. Japan has committed to reaching net zero emissions by 2050, setting a target to reduce GHG emissions by ...

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Japan's 6th Strategic Energy Plan (released in 2021) and the GX (Green Transformation) Decarbonization Power Supply Bill (released in 2023) target increasing the share of non-fossil fuel generation sources to 59% of the generation mix by 2030 compared with 31% in 2022. Policies target an increase in the share of renewable generation sources ...

Energy is essential for our daily living and social activities. However, Japan is a country with a low energy self-sufficiency ratio, with a percentage of 12.1% in FY2019, a considerably low level compared with other OECD countries. It was 20.2% in FY2010 before the Great East Japan Earthquake.

The purpose of the report is to describe Japan's energy supply and demand situation. 1. Highlights of the preliminary report (1) Trends in energy demand. Final energy consumption decreased by 3.0% year-on-year; of which, the consumption of city gas, coal, oil, and electricity decreased by 4.1%, 4.0%, 2.9% and 2.5%, respectively.

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The Agency for Natural Resources and Energy (ANRE) has prepared the Revised Report on the FY2022 General Energy Statistics based on a wide range of energy-related statistics. The purpose of the report is to describe ...

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